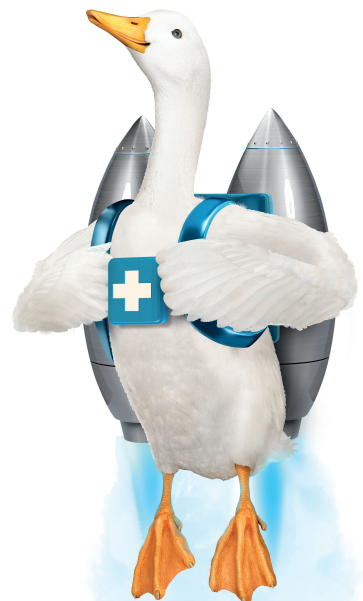


Aflac

Plus Rider

OPTIONAL LUMP SUM CRITICAL ILLNESS BENEFIT RIDER — HSA-COMPATIBLE VERSION

We've been dedicated to helping provide
peace of mind and financial security
for more than 60 years.



AFLAC PLUS RIDER

OPTIONAL LUMP SUM CRITICAL ILLNESS BENEFIT RIDER HSA-COMPATIBLE VERSION

Rider Series CIRIDERH

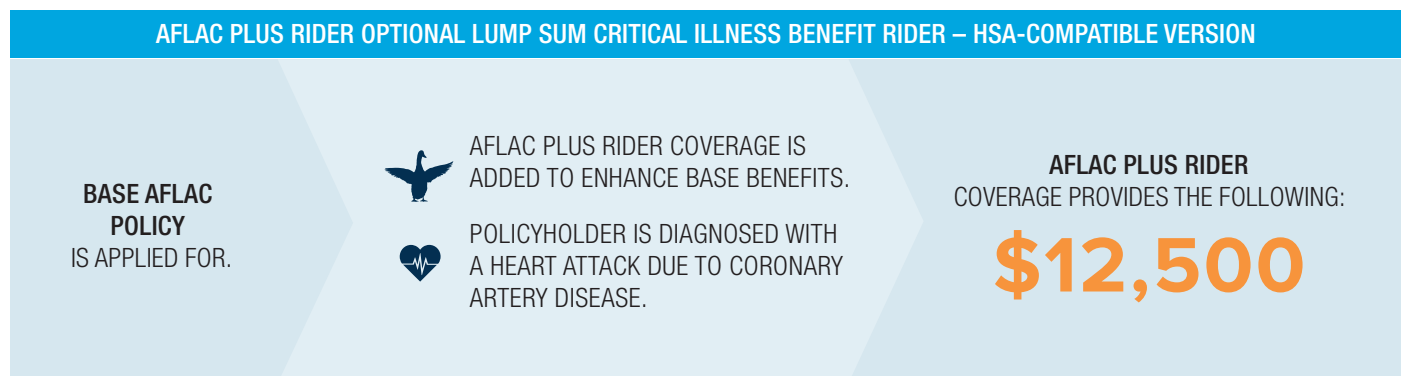


Boost your protection with the Aflac Plus Rider

Like many people, you probably have insurance to cover auto accidents, fires, burglaries, and standard hospital bills. But what would happen to your family's finances if you experienced a catastrophic illness, such as a heart attack, stroke, advanced Alzheimer's disease, or advanced Parkinson's disease—an event that knocked you off your feet? Even a severe case of COVID, flu or pneumonia and accompanying costs could change your life forever.

The Aflac Plus Rider can help. This rider can be attached to select policies, further boosting your benefits. The Aflac Plus Rider pays a specific benefit amount when you are diagnosed with a covered illness. You can use the cash to help pay out-of-pocket expenses, such as utility bills, car payments, and mortgage or rent payments. **For a list of policies the Aflac Plus Rider can be added to, please contact your Aflac insurance agent/producer.**

How it works



The above example is based on a scenario for Aflac Lump Sum Critical Illness Benefit Rider (HSA-Compatible version) that includes the following benefit conditions: Heart Attack due to coronary artery disease (Tier One Critical Illness Benefit) of \$12,500. The Tier One Critical Illness Benefit pays \$12,500 for a covered tier one critical illness.

Benefits and/or premiums may vary based on state. The rider has limitations, exclusions and pre-existing conditions limitations that may affect benefits payable. For costs and complete details of the coverage, contact your Aflac insurance agent/producer. This brochure is for illustrative purposes only. Refer to the policy and rider for complete benefit details, definitions, limitations and exclusions.

Aflac herein means American Family Life Assurance Company of Columbus.

Aflac Plus Rider Benefit Overview for HSA-Compatible Version

BENEFIT: DESCRIPTION:

TIER ONE
CRITICAL ILLNESS
BENEFIT

\$12,500 upon a covered person's onset date of one of the following:

- 1. Heart Attack due to coronary artery disease or acute coronary syndrome
- 2. Ischemic Stroke due to advanced arteriosclerosis or arteriosclerosis of the arteries of the neck or brain
- 3. Hemorrhagic Stroke due to uncontrolled high blood pressure, malignant hypertension, brain aneurysm, or arteriovenous malformation
- 4. Type 1 Diabetes
- 5. Advanced Alzheimer's Disease
- 6. Advanced Parkinson's Disease
- 7. Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis (ALS or Lou Gehrig's disease)
- 8. Sustained Multiple Sclerosis; or
- 9. Sudden Cardiac Arrest due to cardiac rhythm abnormalities or acute coronary syndrome

Payment of the \$12,500 is limited to one time, per covered person, per lifetime.

After the amount has been paid for a covered person's Tier One Critical Illness Event, Aflac will pay \$6,250 upon that covered person's subsequent onset date of any one of the above Tier One Critical Illness Events.

This benefit is payable once per covered person, per calendar year. This benefit has no lifetime maximum.

TIER TWO
CRITICAL ILLNESS
BENEFIT

\$2,000 upon a covered person's onset date of one of the following:

- 1. Encephalitis
- 2. Bacterial Meningitis
- 3. Lyme Disease
- 4. Sickle Cell Anemia
- 5. Cerebral Palsy
- 6. Necrotizing Fasciitis
- 7. Osteomyelitis
- 8. Systemic Lupus
- 9. Cystic Fibrosis

This benefit is not payable on the same day as the Tier One Critical Illness Benefit.

CORONARY ARTERY
BYPASS GRAFT
SURGERY BENEFIT

\$1,750 when a covered person undergoes Coronary Artery Bypass Graft Surgery due to coronary artery disease or acute coronary syndrome.

This benefit is payable once per covered person, per lifetime.

TIER THREE
CRITICAL ILLNESS
BENEFIT

Pays the highest applicable benefit amount listed per period of hospital confinement or period of intensive care unit confinement upon a covered person's onset date of the following:

- 1. Human Coronavirus
- 2. Bird Flu/H5N1
- 3. Influenza
- 4. Pneumonia
- 5. Ebola

Benefit amounts:

a. Period of Hospital Confinement lasting 4-9 days	\$1,250
b. Period of Hospital Confinement lasting 10 or more days	\$3,125
c. Period of Intensive Care Unit Confinement	\$5,000

Maximum amount payable per 180 days is \$5,000.

Subsequent Tier Three Critical Illness Benefits are payable once per covered person, per calendar year. This benefit has no lifetime maximum.

**LIMITED BENEFIT,
LUMP SUM CRITICAL
ILLNESS RIDER**

American Family Life Assurance Company of Columbus
(herein referred to as Aflac)
Worldwide Headquarters • 1932 Wynnton Road • Columbus, Georgia 31999
Toll-Free 1.800.99.AFLAC (1.800.992.3522)

LIMITED BENEFIT, LUMP SUM CRITICAL ILLNESS RIDER
Form Series CIRIDERH

IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT THE
COVERAGE YOU ARE BEING OFFERED

Save this statement! It may be important to you in the future. The Washington State Insurance Commissioner requires that we give you the following information about fixed payment benefits.

**This coverage is not comprehensive health care insurance and will not cover the
cost of most hospital and other medical services.**

This disclosure provides a very brief description of the important features of the coverage being considered. It is not an insurance contract and only the actual policy provisions will control. The policy itself will include in detail the rights and obligations of both the master policyholder and Aflac.

This coverage is designed to pay you a fixed dollar amount regardless of the amount that the provider charges. Payments are not based on a percentage of the provider's charge and are paid in addition to any other health plan coverage you may have.

CAUTION: If you are also covered under a High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP) and are contributing to a Health Savings Account (HSA), you should check with your tax advisor or benefit advisor prior to purchasing this coverage to be sure that you will continue to be eligible to contribute to the HSA if this coverage is purchased.

- (1) **Critical Illness Insurance Coverage** is designed to supplement your existing accident and sickness coverage only when certain losses occur as a result of Critical Illnesses or other conditions as specified. Tier One Critical Illnesses are: Heart Attack due to coronary artery disease or acute coronary syndrome; ischemic Stroke due to advanced arteriosclerosis or arteriosclerosis of the arteries of the neck or brain; hemorrhagic Stroke due to uncontrolled high blood pressure, malignant hypertension, brain aneurysm, or arteriovenous malformation; Type 1 Diabetes; Advanced Alzheimer's Disease; Advanced Parkinson's Disease; Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis; Sustained Multiple Sclerosis; or Sudden Cardiac Arrest due to cardiac rhythm abnormalities or acute coronary syndrome. Tier Two Critical Illnesses are: Encephalitis, Bacterial Meningitis, Lyme Disease, Sickle Cell Anemia, Cerebral Palsy, Necrotizing Fasciitis, Osteomyelitis, Systemic Lupus, or Cystic Fibrosis. Tier Three Critical Illnesses are: Human Coronavirus, Bird Flu/H5N1, Influenza, Pneumonia, or Ebola. Coverage is provided for the benefits outlined in (2) Benefits. The benefits described in (2) Benefits may be limited by (3) Exceptions, Reductions, and Limitations of the Rider.
- (2) **Benefits:** While coverage is in force, we will pay the following benefits, as applicable, subject to the Pre-existing Conditions Limitation and Limitations and Exclusions, as well as all other policy provisions, unless modified herein.

Benefits will not be payable for Advanced Alzheimer's Disease when Alzheimer's disease was diagnosed prior to the Effective Date of coverage, Advanced Parkinson's Disease when Parkinson's disease was diagnosed prior to the Effective Date of coverage, or Sustained Multiple Sclerosis when multiple sclerosis was diagnosed prior to the Effective Date of coverage.

Aflac will not accept an assignment of these benefits. All benefits will be payable to you. Any accrued benefits unpaid at your death will be paid to your estate.

A. TIER ONE CRITICAL ILLNESS BENEFIT: Aflac will pay \$12,500 upon a Covered Person's Onset Date of one of the following Tier One Critical Illnesses:

1. Heart Attack due to coronary artery disease or acute coronary syndrome;
2. Ischemic Stroke due to advanced arteriosclerosis or arteriosclerosis of the arteries of the neck or brain;
3. Hemorrhagic Stroke due to uncontrolled high blood pressure, malignant hypertension, brain aneurysm, or arteriovenous malformation;
4. Type 1 Diabetes;
5. Advanced Alzheimer's Disease;
6. Advanced Parkinson's Disease;

7. Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis;
8. Sustained Multiple Sclerosis; or
9. Sudden Cardiac Arrest due to cardiac rhythm abnormalities or acute coronary syndrome.

Payment of the \$12,500 is limited to one time, per Covered Person, per lifetime.

After the amount has been paid for a Covered Person's Tier One Critical Illness, Aflac will pay \$6,250 upon that Covered Person's subsequent Onset Date of any one of the above Tier One Critical Illnesses. **This benefit is payable once per Covered Person, per Calendar Year. This benefit has no lifetime maximum.**

- B. TIER TWO CRITICAL ILLNESS BENEFIT:** Aflac will pay \$2,000 upon a Covered Person's Onset Date of one of the following Tier Two Critical Illnesses:

1. Encephalitis
2. Bacterial Meningitis
3. Lyme Disease
4. Sickle Cell Anemia
5. Cerebral Palsy
6. Necrotizing Fasciitis
7. Osteomyelitis
8. Systemic Lupus
9. Cystic Fibrosis

This benefit is not payable on the same day as the Tier One Critical Illness Benefit.

- C. CORONARY ARTERY BYPASS GRAFT SURGERY BENEFIT:** Aflac will pay \$1,750 when a Covered Person undergoes Coronary Artery Bypass Graft Surgery due to coronary artery disease or acute coronary syndrome.

This benefit is payable once per Covered Person, per lifetime.

- D. TIER THREE CRITICAL ILLNESS BENEFIT:** Following the Onset Date of a Tier Three Critical Illness, Aflac will pay the highest applicable benefit amount stated below in a., b., or c. when a Covered Person has a qualifying Period of Hospital Confinement or Period of Intensive Care Unit Confinement as a direct result of their Tier Three Critical Illness.

Tier Three Critical Illness:

1. Human Coronavirus
2. Bird Flu/H5N1
3. Influenza
4. Pneumonia
5. Ebola

Benefit amounts:

- | | |
|---|---------|
| a. Period of Hospital Confinement lasting 4-9 days | \$1,250 |
| b. Period of Hospital Confinement lasting 10 or more days | \$3,125 |
| c. Period of Intensive Care Unit Confinement | \$5,000 |

Only the highest benefit amount above will be payable under this benefit. In the event a lower benefit amount was previously paid under this benefit for any Period of Hospital Confinement and that confinement is extended or the Covered Person is moved to an Intensive Care Unit triggering a higher payment, the difference between the previous paid benefit amount and the new benefit amount will be provided. The maximum amount payable per 180 days is \$5,000.

Subsequent Tier Three Critical Illness Benefits are payable once per Covered Person, per Calendar Year. This benefit has no lifetime maximum.

(3) Exceptions, Reductions, and Limitations of the Rider (This is not a daily hospital expense plan.):

- A.** Aflac will not pay benefits for any loss that is caused by a Pre-existing Condition, unless the Onset Date is more than 12 months after the Effective Date of coverage. Benefits are payable for only one covered loss at a time per Covered Person. Aflac will not pay benefits for any condition when diagnosis occurred prior to the Effective Date of coverage.

- B. Aflac will not pay benefits for any loss that is diagnosed or treated outside the territorial limits of the United States or its possessions.
- C. For any benefit to be payable, the Onset Date of the loss must occur on or after the Effective Date of coverage and while coverage is in force.
- D. Aflac will not pay benefits whenever fraud is committed in making a claim under the coverage or any prior claim under any other Aflac coverage for which benefits were received that were not lawfully due and that fraudulently induced payment.
- E. The rider does not cover loss caused by or resulting from:
 - 1. Having treatment for a mental or emotional disorder, alcoholism, or drug addiction;
 - 2. Participating in, or attempting to participate in, an illegal activity that is defined as a felony, whether charged or not ("felony" is as defined by the law of the jurisdiction in which the activity takes place), or being incarcerated in any detention facility or penal institution;
 - 3. Intentionally self-inflicting a bodily injury or committing or attempting suicide, while sane or insane;
 - 4. War or any act of war, declared or undeclared; or
 - 5. Actively serving in any of the armed forces or units auxiliary thereto, including the National Guard or Reserve.

PRE-EXISTING CONDITIONS LIMITATION

A "Pre-existing Condition" is any illness, disease, infection, disorder, or injury for which, within the 12-month period before the Effective Date of coverage, prescription medication was taken or medical testing, medical advice, consultation, or treatment was recommended or received, or for which symptoms existed that would ordinarily cause a prudent person to seek diagnosis, care, or treatment. Benefits for a loss that is caused by a Pre-existing Condition will not be covered unless the Onset Date is more than 12 months after the Effective Date of coverage.

- (4) **Renewability:** The rider is guaranteed-renewable for your lifetime by the timely payment of premiums at the rate in effect at the beginning of each term, except that we may discontinue or terminate the rider if you have performed an act or practice that constitutes fraud or have made an intentional misrepresentation of material fact relating in any way to the rider, including claims for benefits under the rider. Premium rates may change only if changed on all riders of the same form number and class in force in your state.

RETAIN FOR YOUR RECORDS.

**THIS DISCLOSURE IS ONLY A BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE COVERAGE PROVIDED.
CONSULT THE CONTRACT ITSELF TO DETERMINE GOVERNING CONTRACTUAL PROVISIONS.**

TERMS YOU NEED TO KNOW

ADVANCED ALZHEIMER'S DISEASE: Alzheimer's disease that causes a person to be incapacitated. Alzheimer's disease is a progressive degenerative brain disease that is diagnosed by a psychiatrist or neurologist as Alzheimer's disease. To be incapacitated due to Alzheimer's disease, a covered person must:

1. Exhibit the loss of intellectual capacity involving impairment of memory and judgment, resulting in a significant reduction in mental and social functioning, **and**
2. Meet the five criteria listed in State 6 of the FAST scale, as certified by a physician.

ADVANCED PARKINSON'S DISEASE: Parkinson's disease that causes a person to be incapacitated. Parkinson's disease is a chronic progressive neurological disease that is diagnosed by a psychiatrist or neurologist as Parkinson's disease. To be incapacitated due to Parkinson's disease, a covered person must:

1. Exhibit two or more of the following clinical manifestations:
 - Muscle rigidity
 - Tremor
 - Bradykinesia (abnormal slowness of movement, sluggishness of physical and mental responses), **and**
2. Be assessed at Stage 4, as certified by a physician, on the Hoehn and Yahr scale.

AMYOTROPHIC LATERAL SCLEROSIS (ALS or Lou Gehrig's disease): a chronic, progressive neurological disease resulting in permanent clinical impairment of motor function and is definitively diagnosed by a neurologist as amyotrophic lateral sclerosis.

BACTERIAL MENINGITIS: inflammation of the thin, membranous covering (meninges) of the brain and the spinal cord caused by a bacterial infection and characterized by fever, vomiting, intense headache, and stiff neck.

BIRD FLU/H5N1: a viral respiratory disease of poultry and other bird species that can be transmitted to humans.

CEREBRAL PALSY: a disability resulting from damage to the brain before, during, or shortly after birth and outwardly manifested by muscular incoordination and speech disturbances.

CORONARY ARTERY BYPASS GRAFT SURGERY: open-heart surgery to correct narrowing or blockage of one or more coronary arteries with bypass grafts due to coronary artery disease or acute coronary syndrome, but excluding procedures such as but not limited to coronary angioplasty, valve replacement surgery, stent placement, laser relief, or other surgical or nonsurgical procedures.

COVERED PERSON: any person insured under the policy to which the rider is attached.

CYSTIC FIBROSIS: a hereditary disorder affecting the exocrine glands which causes the production of abnormally thick mucus, leading to the blockage of the pancreatic ducts, intestines, and bronchi and often resulting in respiratory infection.

EBOLA: an infectious disease marked by fever and severe internal bleeding spread through contact with infected body fluids.

EFFECTIVE DATE: the effective date of the rider is as stated in the Policy Schedule.

ENCEPHALITIS: an inflammation of the brain, usually caused by a direct viral infection or a hyper-sensitivity reaction to a virus or foreign protein.

FUNCTIONAL ASSESSMENT STAGING (FAST) SCALE: a seven-stage system used to describe the progression of Alzheimer's disease.

The seven stages are:

Stage 1: No difficulties, either subjectively or objectively.

Stage 2: Complains of forgetting location of objects; subjective word finding difficulties.

Stage 3: Decreased job function evident to co-workers; difficulty in traveling to new locations; decreased organizational capacity.

Stage 4: Decreased ability to perform complex tasks (e.g., planning dinner for guests), handling personal finances (forgetting to pay bills), difficulty marketing, etc.

Stage 5: Requires assistance in choosing proper clothing to wear for day, season, or occasion.

Stage 6: a. Difficulty putting clothing on properly without assistance.

b. Unable to bathe properly; (e.g., difficulty adjusting bath water temperature) occasionally or more frequently over the past weeks.

c. Inability to handle mechanics of toileting (e.g., forgets to flush the toilet, does not wipe properly or properly dispose of toilet tissue) occasionally or more frequently over the past weeks.

d. Urinary incontinence, occasional or more frequent.

e. Fecal incontinence, (occasional or more frequent over the past week).

Stage 7: a. Ability to speak limited to approximately a half dozen different words or fewer, in the course of an average day or in the course of an intensive interview.

b. Speech ability limited to the use of a single intelligible word in an average day.

c. Ambulatory ability lost (cannot walk without personal assistance).

d. Ability to sit up without assistance lost (e.g., the individual will fall over if there are no lateral rests [arms] on the chair).

e. Loss of the ability to smile.

HEART ATTACK: a myocardial infarction caused by a blockage of one or more coronary arteries due to coronary artery disease or acute coronary syndrome. The attack must be positively diagnosed by a physician and must be evidenced by electrocardiographic findings or clinical findings together with blood enzyme findings. The definition of heart attack shall not be construed to mean congestive heart failure, atherosclerotic heart disease, angina, coronary artery disease, cardiac arrest, or any other dysfunction of the cardiovascular system.

HOEHN AND YAHR SCALE: a widely used clinical rating scale, which defines broad categories of motor function in Parkinson's disease in five stages.

The five stages are:

- Stage 1: Symptoms are mild and on one side of the body only, usually with minimal or no functional disability.
- Stage 2: Symptoms on both sides of the body without impairment of balance.
- Stage 3: Mild to moderate disability with significant slowing of body movements; physically independent.
- Stage 4: Severe symptoms; no longer able to live alone, but still able to walk or stand unassisted.
- Stage 5: Confinement to bed or wheelchair unless aided.

HUMAN CORONAVIRUS: a severe type of virus having a lipid envelope studded with club-shaped spike proteins that infects humans, leading to an upper respiratory infection or pneumonia, and spread through the air by coughing, sneezing, close personal contact, or touching a contaminated object or surface. This does not include the following Human Coronaviruses: 229E, NL63, OC43, and HKU1.

INFLUENZA: an acute, highly contagious, respiratory disease caused by influenza viruses.

LYME DISEASE: an inflammatory disease caused by bacteria that are transmitted by ticks that is characterized initially by a rash, headache, fever, and chills, and later by possible arthritis and neurological and cardiac disorders.

NECROTIZING FASCIITIS: a severe bacterial infection of the fascia, the soft tissues that line and separate muscles, that causes extensive tissue death.

ONSET DATE: is as follows for each covered condition:

- Heart Attack: the date of occurrence of a heart attack as defined in the rider.
- Stroke: the date of occurrence of a stroke as defined in the rider.
- Type 1 Diabetes: the date a physician initially establishes the diagnosis of type 1 diabetes on clinical or laboratory findings as supported by medical records.

- Advanced Alzheimer's Disease: the date a physician initially certifies that a covered person is incapacitated due to Alzheimer's disease as defined in the rider.
- Advanced Parkinson's Disease: the date a physician initially certifies that a covered person is incapacitated due to Parkinson's disease as defined in the rider.
- Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis (ALS or Lou Gehrig's disease): the date of diagnosis of amyotrophic lateral sclerosis as defined in the rider.
- Sustained Multiple Sclerosis: the date of diagnosis of sustained multiple sclerosis (as defined in the rider) by a physician.
- Sudden Cardiac Arrest: the date of occurrence of sudden cardiac arrest as defined in the rider.
- Encephalitis, Bacterial Meningitis, Lyme Disease, Necrotizing Fasciitis, and Osteomyelitis: the date of diagnosis by a physician.
- Sickle Cell Anemia and Cerebral Palsy: the date of initial diagnosis by a physician.
- Coronary Artery Bypass Graft Surgery: the date of surgery.
- Systemic Lupus: the date of initial diagnosis by a physician.
- Cystic Fibrosis: the date of initial diagnosis by a physician.
- Human Coronavirus: the date of initial diagnosis by a physician.
- Bird Flu/H5N1: the date of initial diagnosis by a physician.
- Influenza: the date of initial diagnosis by a physician.
- Pneumonia: the date of initial diagnosis by a physician.
- Ebola: the date of initial diagnosis by a physician.

OSTEOMYELITIS: inflammation of the bone due to infection.

PNEUMONIA: a lung disease characterized by inflammation of the airspaces in the lungs and caused by viral or bacterial infections or fungi. This does not include pneumonia caused by trauma such as, but not limited to, inhalation of water, smoke or chemicals or traumatic chest or thoracic injuries.

SICKLE CELL ANEMIA: a chronic hereditary blood disease marked by sickle-shaped red blood cells and characterized by episodic pain in the joints, fever, leg ulcers, and jaundice.

STROKE: apoplexy due to rupture or acute occlusion of a cerebral artery. The apoplexy must cause complete or partial loss of function involving the motion or sensation of a part of the body and must last more than 24 hours. Stroke must be either:

- Ischemic: due to advanced arteriosclerosis or arteriosclerosis of the arteries of the neck or brain; or
- Hemorrhagic: due to uncontrolled high blood pressure, malignant hypertension, brain aneurysm, or arteriovenous malformation.

The stroke must be positively diagnosed by a physician based upon documented neurological deficits and confirmatory neuroimaging studies. Stroke does not mean head injury, transient ischemic attack (TIA), cerebrovascular insufficiency, or lacunar infarction (LACI).

SUDDEN CARDIAC ARREST: sudden, unexpected loss of heart function in which the heart abruptly and without warning stops working as a result of an internal electrical system malfunction of the heart due to cardiac rhythm abnormalities or acute coronary syndrome. Any death where the sole cause of death shown on the death certificate is cardiovascular collapse, sudden cardiac arrest, cardiac arrest, or sudden cardiac death shall be deemed to be sudden cardiac arrest for purposes of the rider.

SUSTAINED MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS: a chronic degenerative disease of the central nervous system in which gradual destruction of myelin occurs in the brain or spinal cord or both, interfering with the nerve pathways, with muscular weakness, loss of coordination, or speech and visual disturbances present for a continuous period of at least 90 days.

SYSTEMIC LUPUS: a chronic inflammatory multisystem disease that occurs when the body's immune system attacks its own tissues and organs.

TERMINATION: the rider will terminate upon the earlier of the termination of the policy to which it is attached or the failure to pay the premiums for the rider.

TIER ONE CRITICAL ILLNESS: Heart Attack due to coronary artery disease or acute coronary syndrome; ischemic Stroke due to advanced arteriosclerosis or arteriosclerosis of the arteries of the neck or brain; hemorrhagic Stroke due to uncontrolled high blood pressure, malignant hypertension, brain aneurysm, or arteriovenous malformation; Type 1 Diabetes; Advanced Alzheimer's Disease; Advanced Parkinson's Disease; Amyotrophic Lateral Sclerosis; Sustained Multiple Sclerosis; or Sudden Cardiac Arrest due to cardiac rhythm abnormalities or acute coronary syndrome.

TIER TWO CRITICAL ILLNESS: Encephalitis, Bacterial Meningitis, Lyme Disease, Sickle Cell Anemia, Cerebral Palsy, Necrotizing Fasciitis, Osteomyelitis, Systemic Lupus, or Cystic Fibrosis.

TIER THREE CRITICAL ILLNESS: Human Coronavirus, Bird Flu/H5N, Influenza, Pneumonia, or Ebola.

TYPE 1 DIABETES: a form of diabetes mellitus causing total insulin deficiency of a covered person along with continuous dependence on exogenous insulin in order to maintain life. A diagnosis of type 1 diabetes must be made by a physician who specializes in diabetes.





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Underwritten by:
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Worldwide Headquarters | 1932 Wynnton Road | Columbus, Georgia 31999

